COST Action E25

Domain Forests & Forestry Products



http://cost.cordis.lu/



COST is supported by the EU Framework Programme

European Network for long-term Forest Ecosystem and Landscape Research

http://www.enfors.org

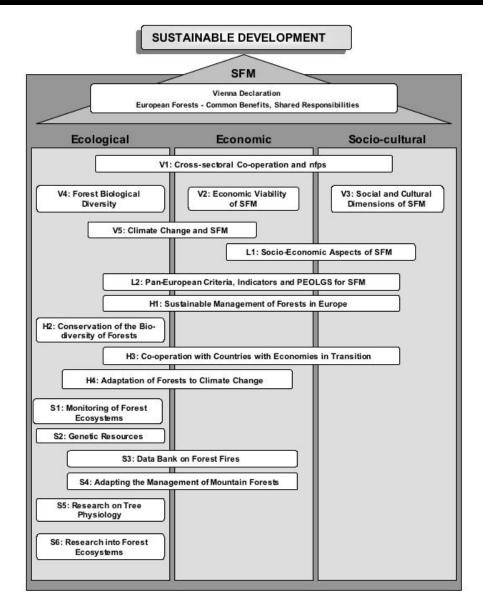
Introduction | Facilities | Research Programme | Database | Future

Background



Ministerial Conferences on the Protection of Forests in Europe, MCPFE

(Strasbourg 1990, Helsinki 1993, Lisbon 1998, Vienna 2003)

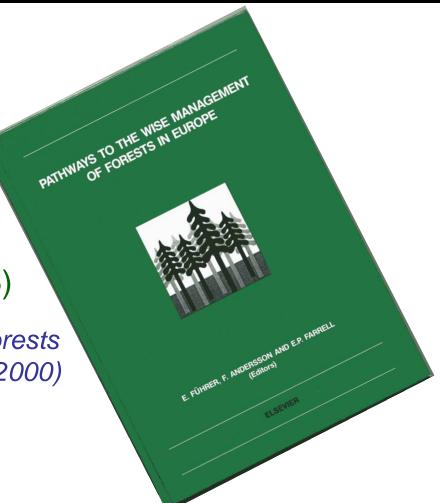




European Forest Ecosystem Research Network, EFERN (1996)

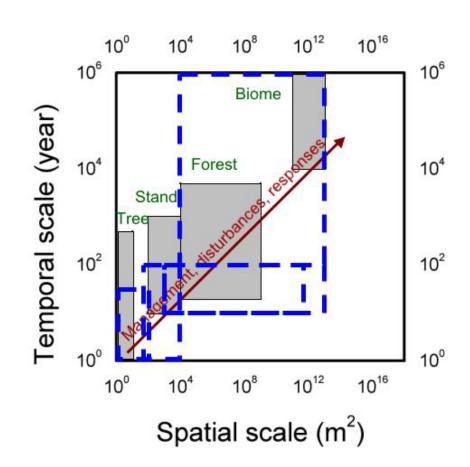
"Pathways to the wise management of forests in Europe" (Führer, Andersson & Farrell 2000)

- From Ecosystem to Landscape
- Socio-economics



The problem of scale The problem of scale

- Elements
 - > Ecological
 - > Socio-cultural
 - > Economic
- Processes
 - > Ecological
 - Socio-cultural
 - > Economic
- Methodologies
 - > Experiments
 - Inventories/surveys
 - > Monitoring
 - Comparative studies



The long-term perspective The long-term perspective

- Securing Europe's forest production the earliest forest field experiments 1850-1920
 - National Forest Inventories
 - Thinning experiments, growth & yield trials, etc.
 - Regeneration and establishment
- Growing environmental concers the 1960s and '70s
 - International Biological Programme
 - UNESCO Man and Biosphere reserves
 - Watershed studies
- Forest dieback and Forest decline 1980s and '90s
 - > Ecosystem experiments
 - Forest health monitoring
- Global Climate Change the 1990s to the present day
 - Eddy flux towers
 - Open-top-chambers and experimental warming

The long-term perspective The long-term perspective

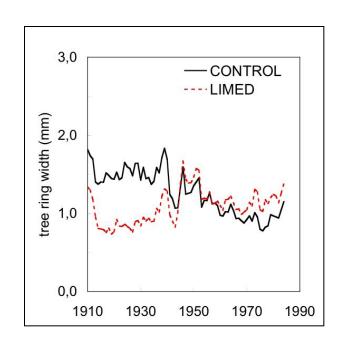
Surveys

- pH-changes
 - ➤ Tönnersjöheden, S Sweden 1927/1984 (Hallbäck and Tamm 1985, 1986)
 - Kulbäcksliden, N Sweden 1927/1985 (Hallbäcken and Tamm, 1988)
 - Flora and vegetation changes in S. Swedish forests (Grerup-Falkenberg and Tyler)

Experiments

- Tree growth
 - ➤ Farabol liming experiment 1910-1985 (Popovic in Andersson and Lundkvist 1989)
 - Growth rate changes in Europe (Spiecker et al. 1996)

Value of long-term observations



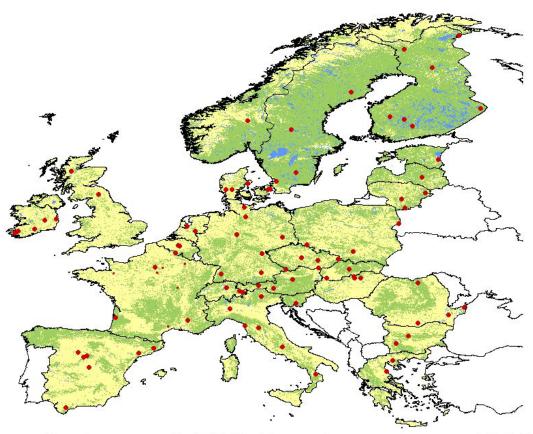
Aims - COST Action E25 Aims - COST Action E25

- A pan-European network of field research facilities of relevance for sustainable forest management.
- A common scientific research programme/ strategy on forest ecosystems also focusing on the landscape level and the long-term perspective.
- A European **database** on field experiments relevant to sustainable forest management.

he ENFORS Network The ENFORS Network

Present involvement:

- 26 countries
- 100 major research organisations
- 300 researchers
- nearly 90 field facilities



Background: FAO Forest cover map 1999



ENFORS Field Facilities ENFORS Field Facilities

Decision levels:

World Europe Country Region

Municipality Enterprise

Family Individual

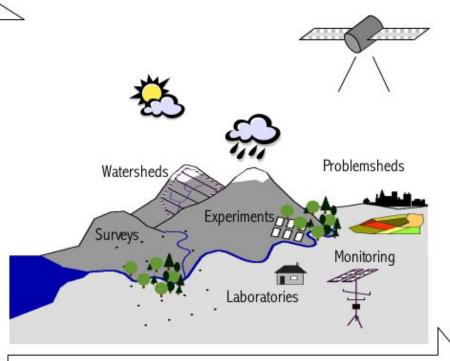
Spatial scales:

Biome Landscape Forest Stand Tree

Leaf/Needle

Comparative studies Experimental manipulations Case studies

Modellina



Present list of French
ENFORS Field Facilities:

- Landes Maritime Pine Forest
- Mediterranean hinterland ("Zone Atelier")
- F-ORE-T

Time perspectives: Past Present Future

Time scales: Min Hour Day Week Month Year Decade Century Millenium

Temporal data: Instantaneous measurements Time series Historical data Paleodata

NFORS Field Facilities ENFORS Field Facilities

- ~ 90 facilities in 26 countries
 - working in collaboration with other research sites as well as related national and international research and monitoring programmes.
- A baseline for assessing sustainable development and environmental assessment of Europe's forests
 - with scientific expertise and long-term data on major forest ecosystems and landscape types in Europe.
- Research platforms and demonstration areas
 - for innovative research approaches at small and large spatial and temporal scales, as well as national and international collaborations platforms with a broad stakeholder participation.



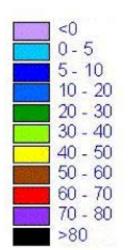
http://www.enfors.org

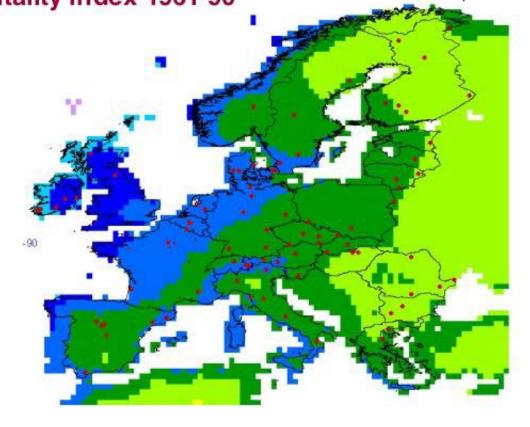
Introduction | Facilities | Research Programme | Database | Future

Pan-European network Pan-European network

Conrad's continentality index 1961-90

(Crawford 2000)





 $K = [1.7A/sin(\phi+10)]-14;$ where

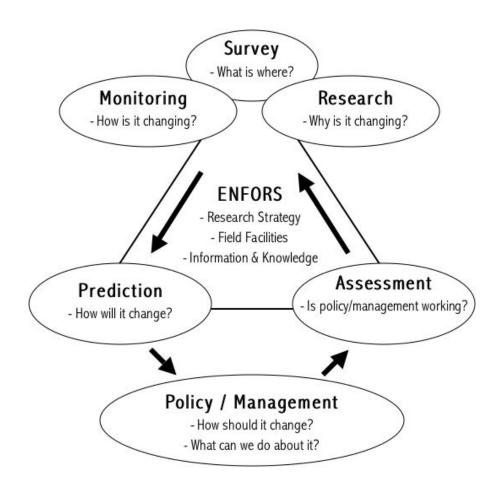
A = average annual temperature range

 φ = latitude



Implementation of a future ENFORS

- increased collaboration between scientific disciplines through its research strategy,
- field arenas for implementation of approaches at the landscape level through its field facilities, and
- availability to long-term information through the development of databases and information systems that cover both traditional and new elements of SFM



Implementation of a future ENFORS Implementation of a future ENFORS

		ENFORS Field Facilities	
	Networking activities	Basic mode	Advanced mode
Survey	Common policy sharing/ accessing data Data at landscape scale ENFORS Field Facilities	Access to certain survey data.	Minimum set of survey data.
Monitoring	Common policy sharing/ accessing data Collaboration existing programmes Recommendations complementary monitoring programming	A monitoring programme with no requirements for standardisation and harmonisation.	Standardised measurements Access to complementary monitoring data
Experimental Research	Maintain and improve the knowledge base Provide a forum for scientific exchange	Own research profile Guest research activities	ENFORS research programme Disciplinary research – all disciplines Transdisciplinary research
Prediction	Predictive models and scenarios	No requirements.	Provide data for models Local/regional predictions and scenarios.
Assessment	Provide and develop assessment tools A network of case studies/model forest landscapes	No requirements.	Provide a case study/model forest landscape
Policy/ Management	Identify the gaps between policy making, research and application	Participate to policymaking and management	Participate to policymaking and management

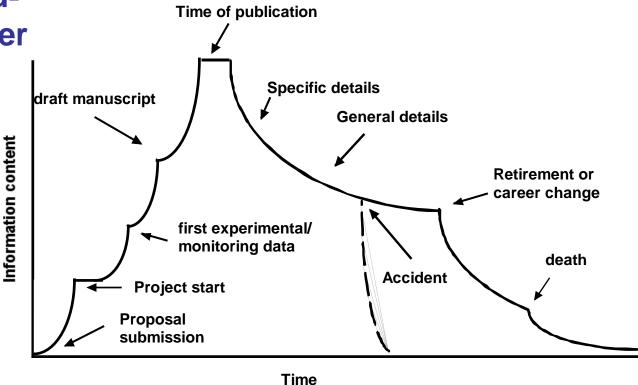
ENFORS Research Strategy ENFORS Research Strategy

Two elements

- Improve the interaction between policymaking and basic research.
 - The gap or the hole
- II. Maintain and develop the knowledge base on Europe's forests and wooded landscapes.
 - The care of an inheritance



Information buildup and decay over time



(adopted from Michener et al. 1997)

Documentation and data management Documentation and data management

A meta-database

 containing information about nearly 300 European field research and monitoring facilities related to sustainable forestry.

A collection of national databases

 gathering and storing information at a national basis on long-term forest ecosystem and landscape research and monitoring.

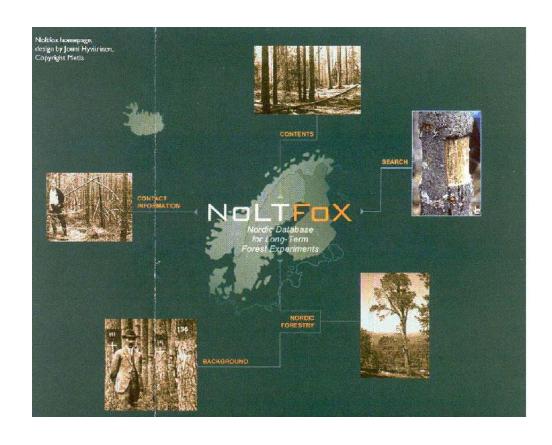
An Information System on sustainable forestry (plans)

 connecting data sources for retrieving information on institutions, scientists, projects, experiments and publications.

Documentation and data manager Documentation and data management

Nordic database for Long-Term Forest experiments, NoLTFox

- Denmark
- Finland
- Iceland
- Norway
- Sweden

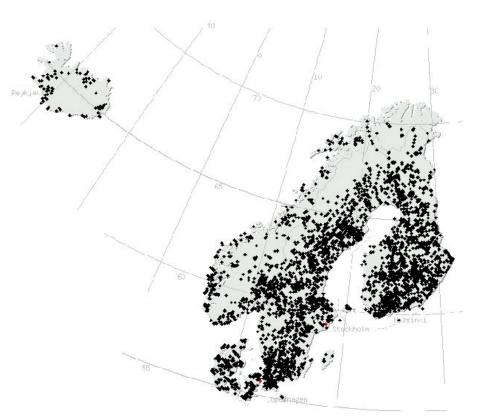




12 000 long-term forest experiments

To be extended:

- Baltic countries(Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania)
- Literature references





International symposium

Place: Malmö/Alnarp, Sweden

Date: October 17-21, 2005

Title: « European conference on the policy/science

interface for sustainable management of

forested landscapes»

Org: ENFORS/COST, SLU, EFI, IUFRO

A Future ENFORS

- Participating countries expect a future
- A group representing N, W, E, S and Mountaineous Europe meets in Feb 2005 to discuss the future
- Why a continuation interest and pressure group. Common interest in research, development and education.
- Programme and home
- Ad hoc function or permanent organisation?
- Joint activities: COST, EU Network funding, Joint projects ESF and EU



- Pathways to the wise management of forests in Europe (Führer, Andersson & Farrell 2000) -Forest Ecology and Management Vol. 132
- Memorandum of Understanding & Technical Annex (Andersson et al. 2000)
- Scientific issues related to sustainable forest management in an ecosystem and landscape perspective (Mårell et al. 2003) - Technical Report
- Guidelines for the national inventories of field research facilities (Mårell et al. 2004) - Technical Report 2
- European long-term research for sustainable forestry: Experimental and monitoring assets at the ecosystem and landscape level. Part 1: Country reports & Part 2: ENFORS Field Facilities (Mårell & Leitgeb (eds) manuscript) - Technical Report 3 & 4

- Towards integrated forest resource management: strategies and tools for implementation. A research strategy contributing to improved understanding of sustainability of European forests (Andersson et al. manuscript) - Technical Report 5
- Towards the sustainable use of Europe's forests forest ecosystem and landscape research: scientific challanges and opportunities (Andersson, Birot and Paivinen (eds) 2004) Proceeding from a symposium held in Tours, France June 2003. EFI Proceedings No. 49, 2004. 323 pp.



Secretariat supported by:

- GIP ECOFOR (FR)
- Cemagref (FR)
- Cottbus TU (DE)
- SLU (SE)
- Mendel Agricultural University (CZ)
- WSL (CH)
- English Nature (UK)
- INIA (ES)
- LMI (LT)

Anders MÅRELL
Cemagref
Le Tholonet - BP31
13612 Aix-en-Provence cedex 1
France

Tel. +33 4 42 66 99 39 E-mail: marell@gip-ecofor.org



- ENFORS serves as a European meeting point and platform for scientists and stakeholders promoting joint research, development of methods and training in areas relevant for sustainable forestry.
- ENFORS is future-orientated promoting increased interaction and integration between disciplines.
- ENFORS' Field Facilities serve as a baseline for assessing sustainable development and environmental assessment of Europe's forests