

Phenomenological modelling scenario of future wood demand by 2050



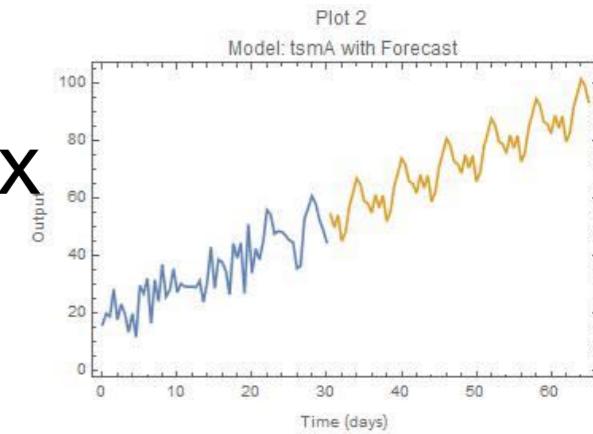
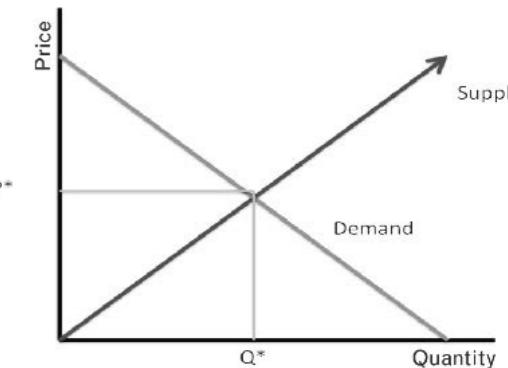
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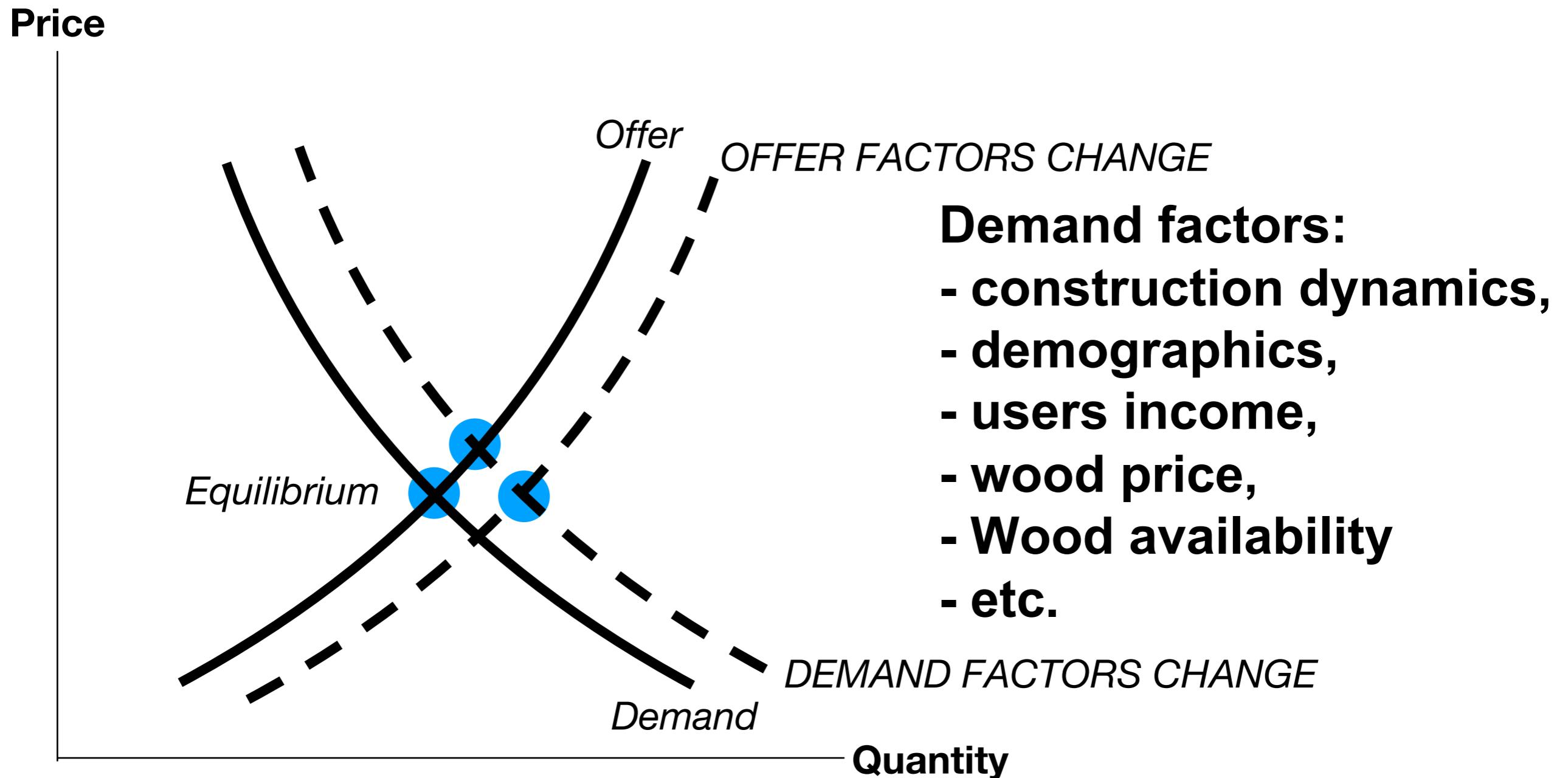
A simplified typology of economic models

- **Theoretical models**
 - Price, Quantities, Offer, Demand, Equilibrium,
=> how various factors may structurally influence
the formers, no forecasts
- **Econometric models**
 - a tea spoon of theory, and a tablespoon of blackbox
=> precise description, exploration of factors,
limited forecasts
- **Phenomenological models**
 - Observation of phenomena, deconstruction of theories,
understanding of domains of validity/extrapolation
=> unprecise description, identification of critical factors,
robust but imprecise forecasts



$$F = G \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$

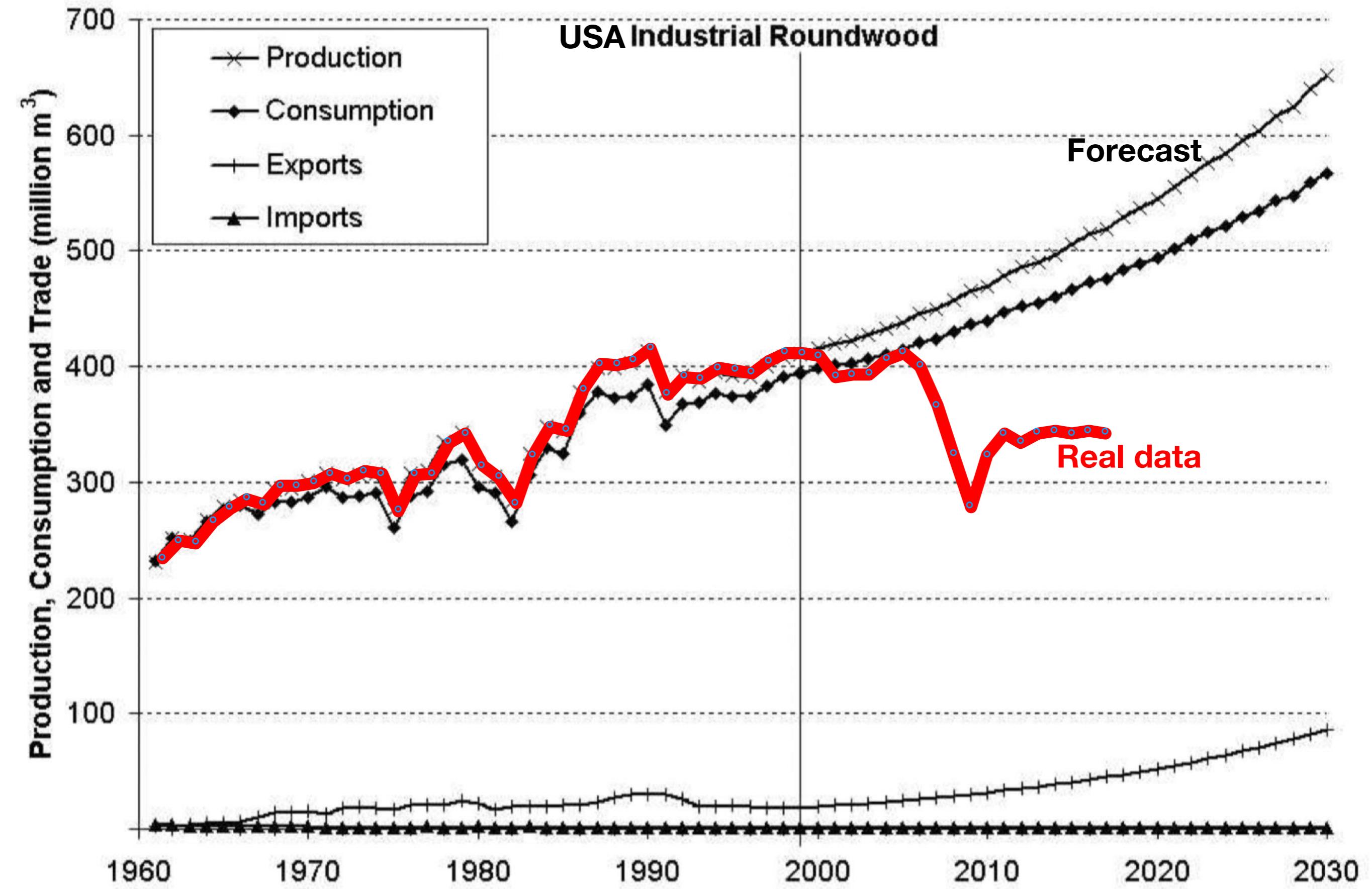
Theoretical model



$$\ln Q_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \ln P_t + \beta_2 \ln(P.O)_t + \beta_3 \ln(A)_t + \beta_4 \ln(S/A)_t + \beta_5 \ln(Y/N)_t + \varepsilon_t$$

Price Ownership Area Density Income

Theoretical model

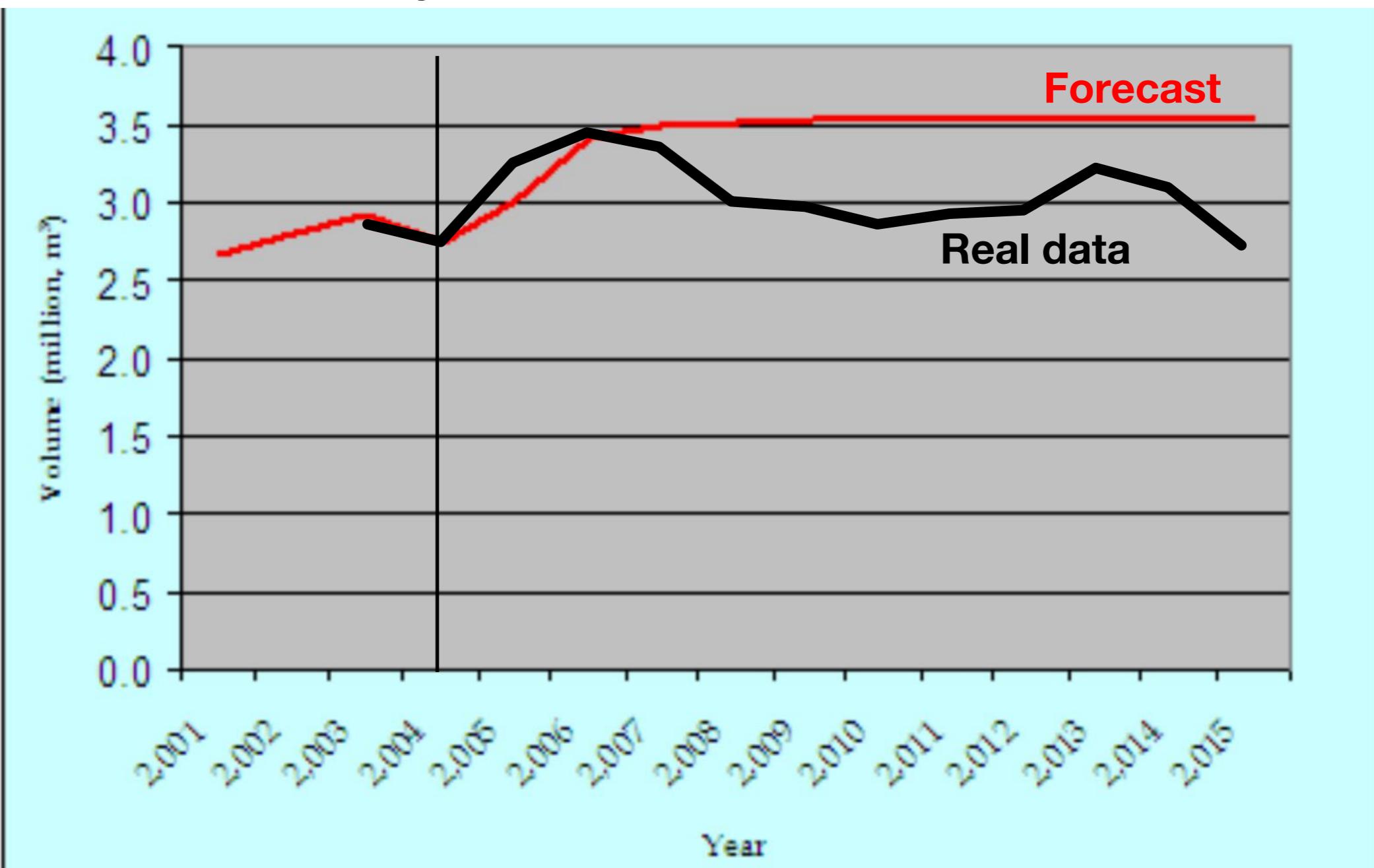


Econometric model

$$\ln Q_t = \beta_0 + \beta_1 \ln P_t + \beta_2 \ln(A)_t + \beta_3 \ln(Q)_{t-1} + \beta_4 \ln(Y)_t + \varepsilon_t$$

Price Area Previous Q Year

Malaysia Sawntimber demand forecast



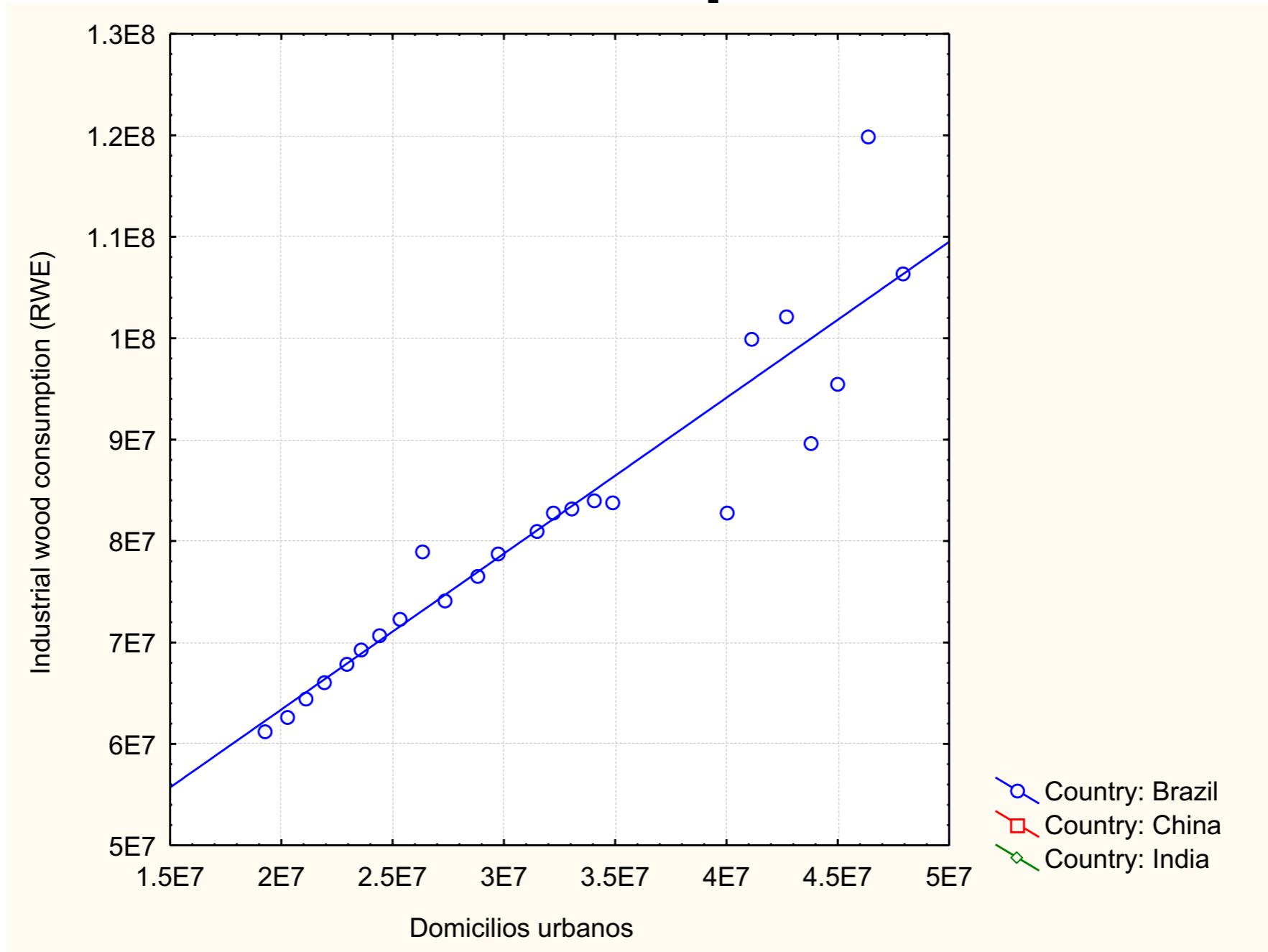
Phenomenological model

=> starting from observations

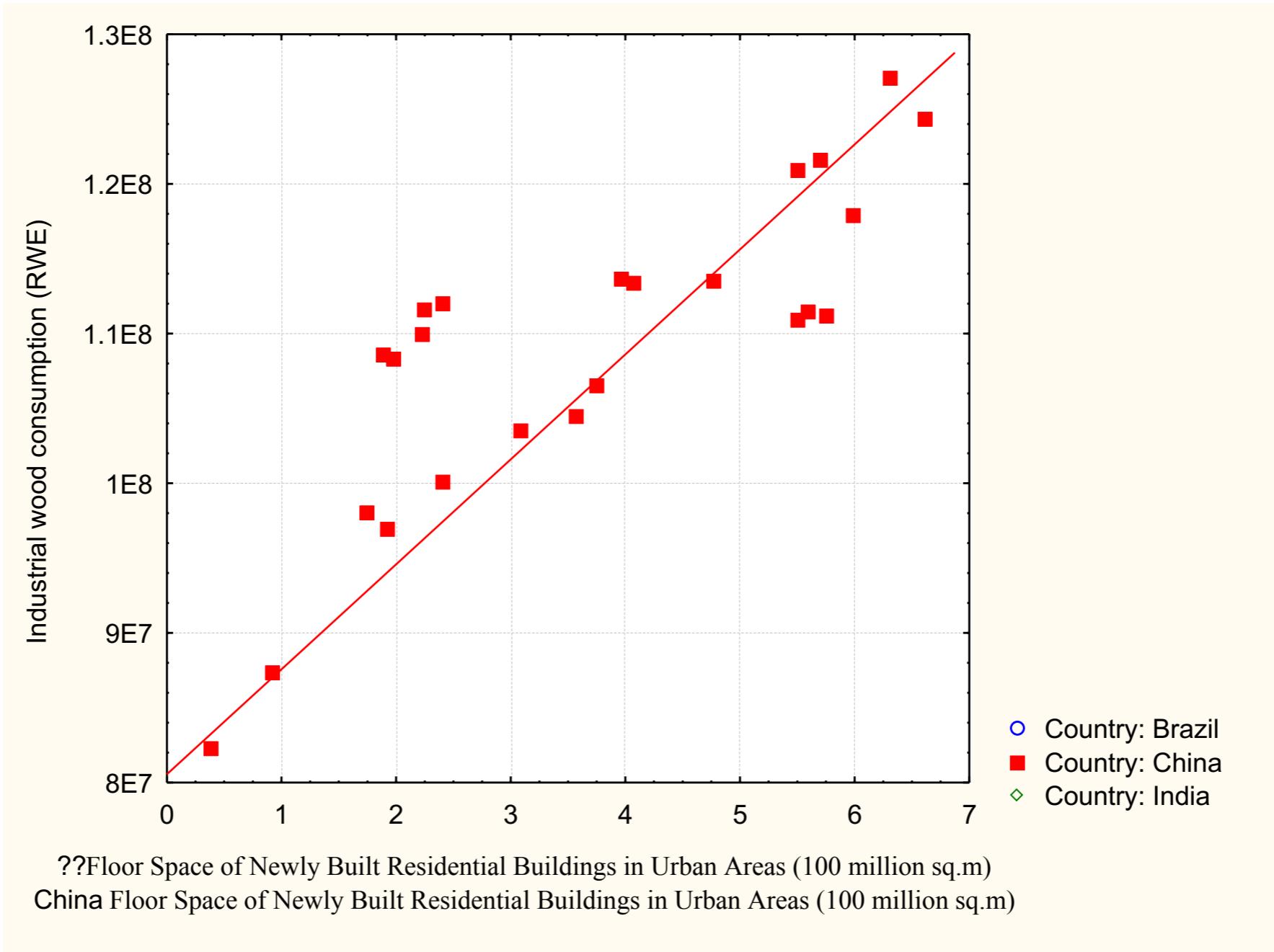


Urbanization = construction (formworks, structure, joinery, furniture)

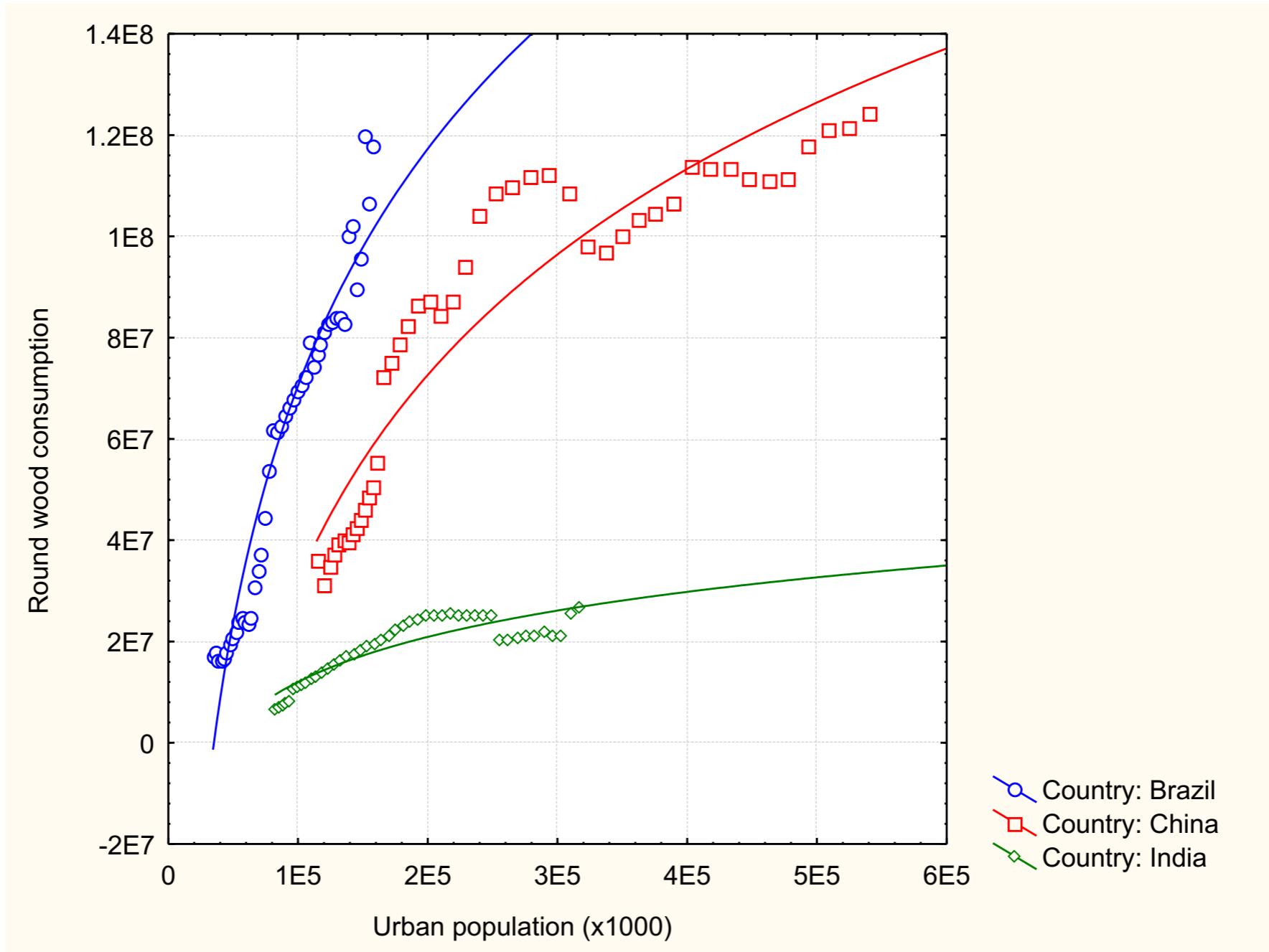
Brazil : “domicilios” vs wood consumption



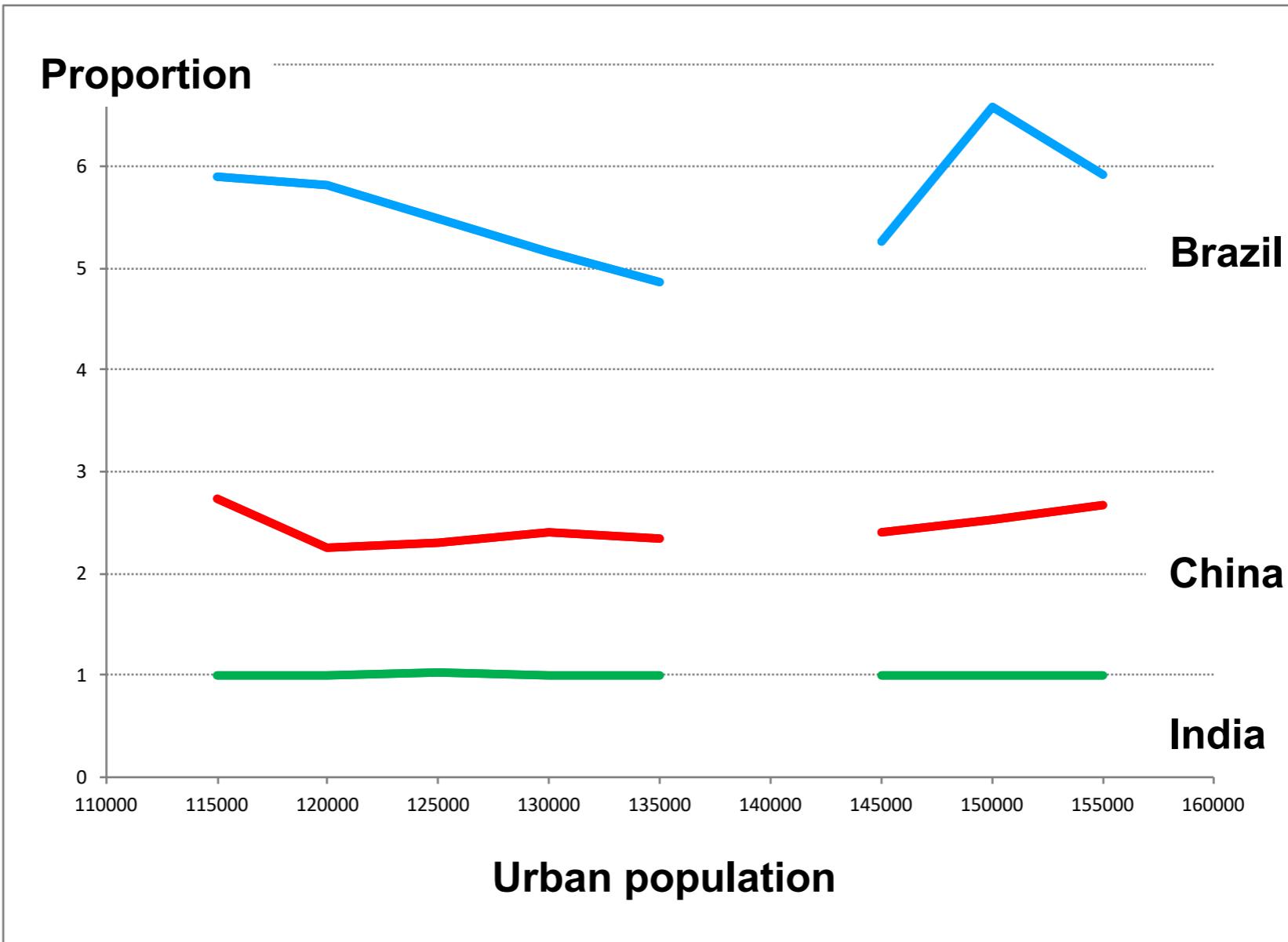
China : “Floor space” vs wood consumption



An index of construction : urban population

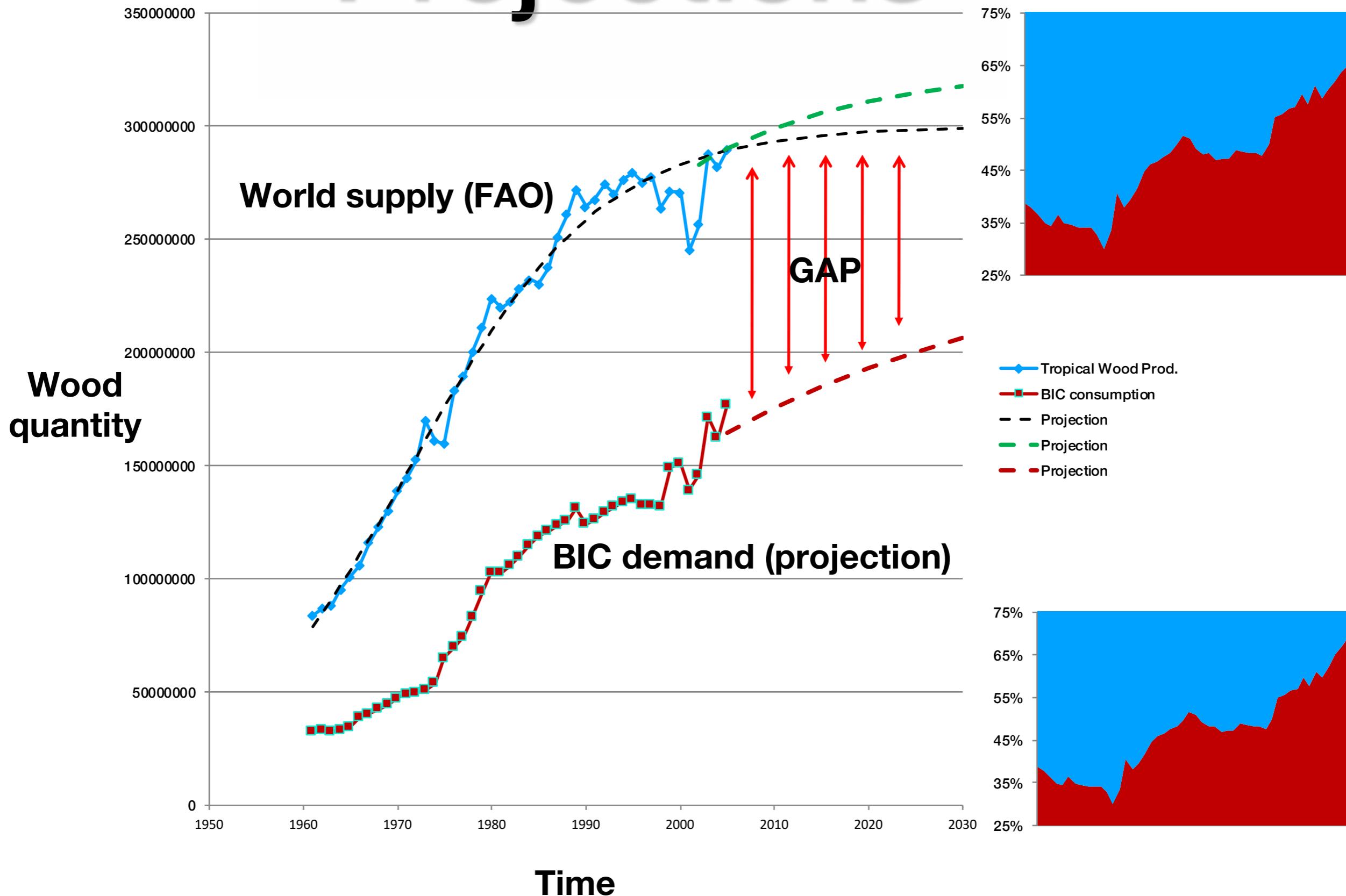


Surprisingly consistent proportions



$$\ln(\text{Demand})_t = \beta_0 + E \cdot \ln(\text{Demography})_t + \varepsilon_t$$

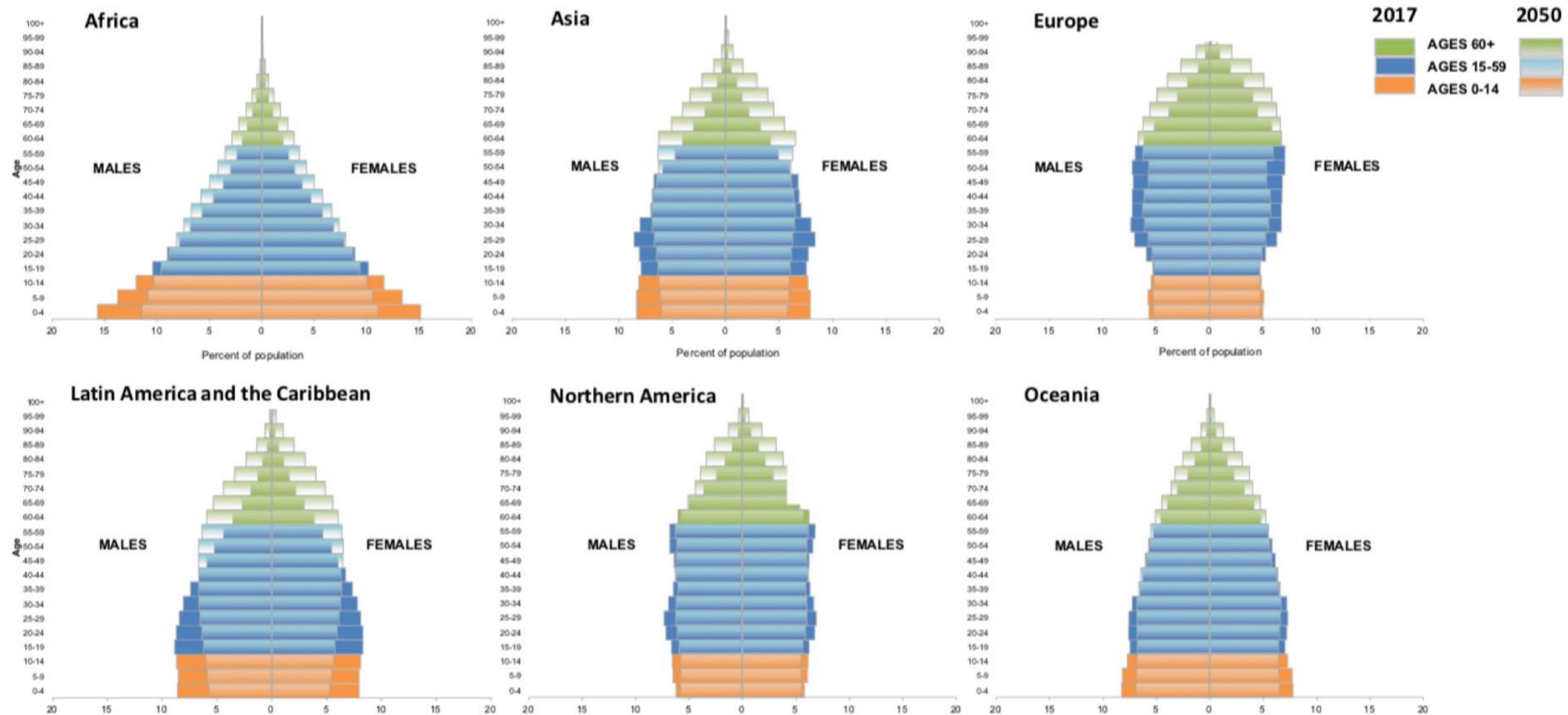
Projections



Phenomenological model

Demography predictions are very reliable

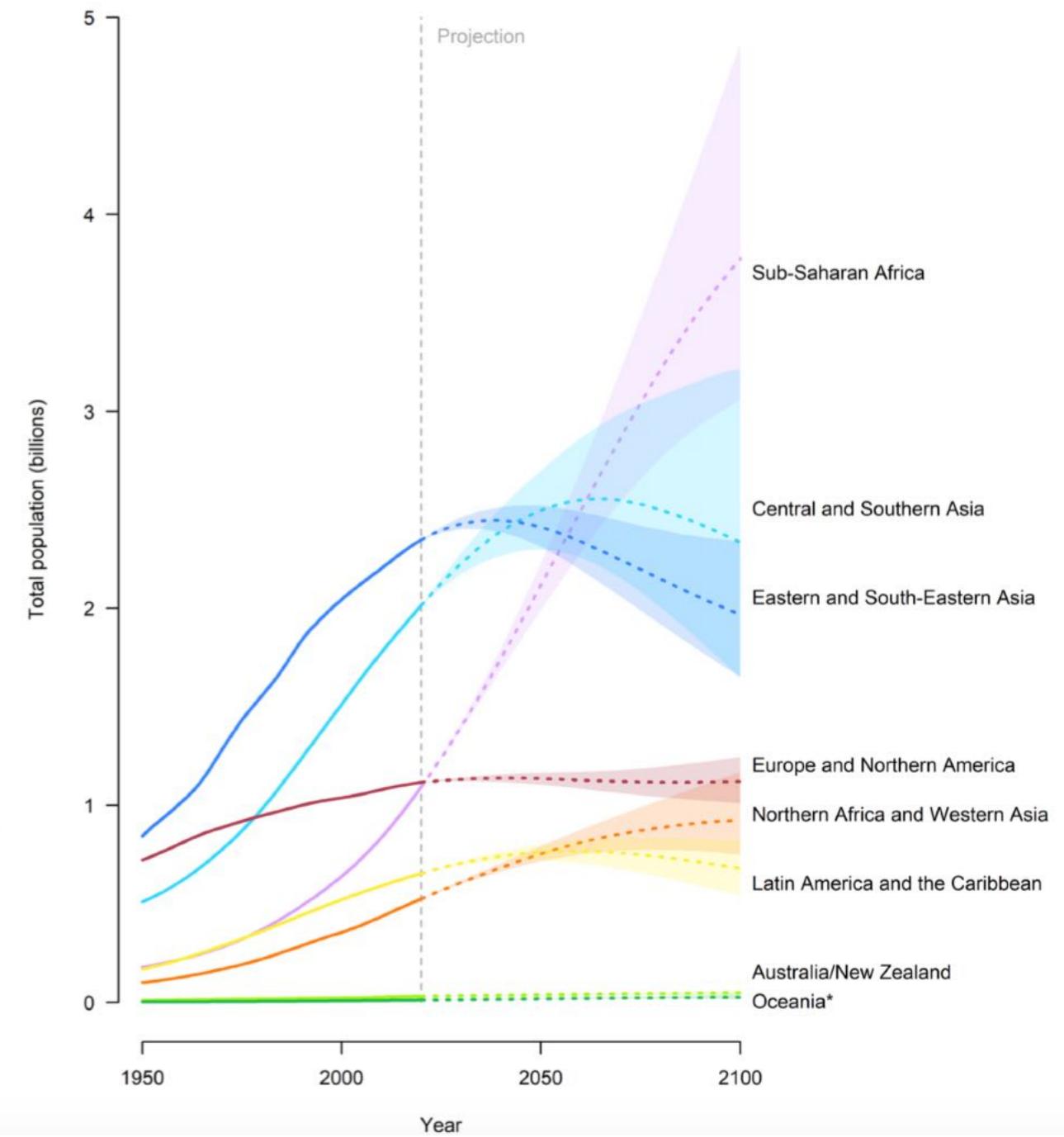
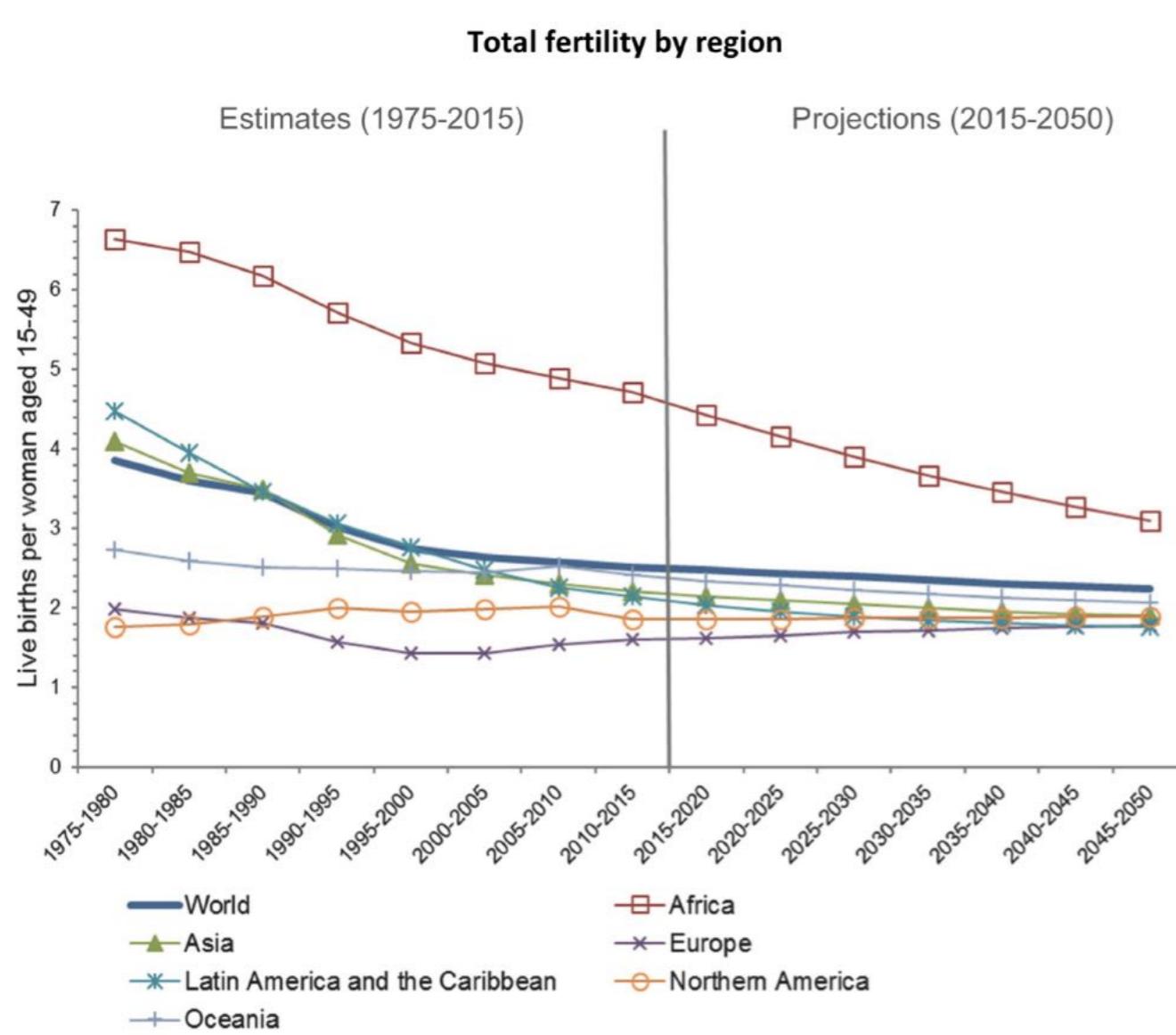
Distribution of the population by age and sex, 2017 and 2050



United Nations demographic models are extremely robusts,
and have been proved as very reliable

Phenomenological model

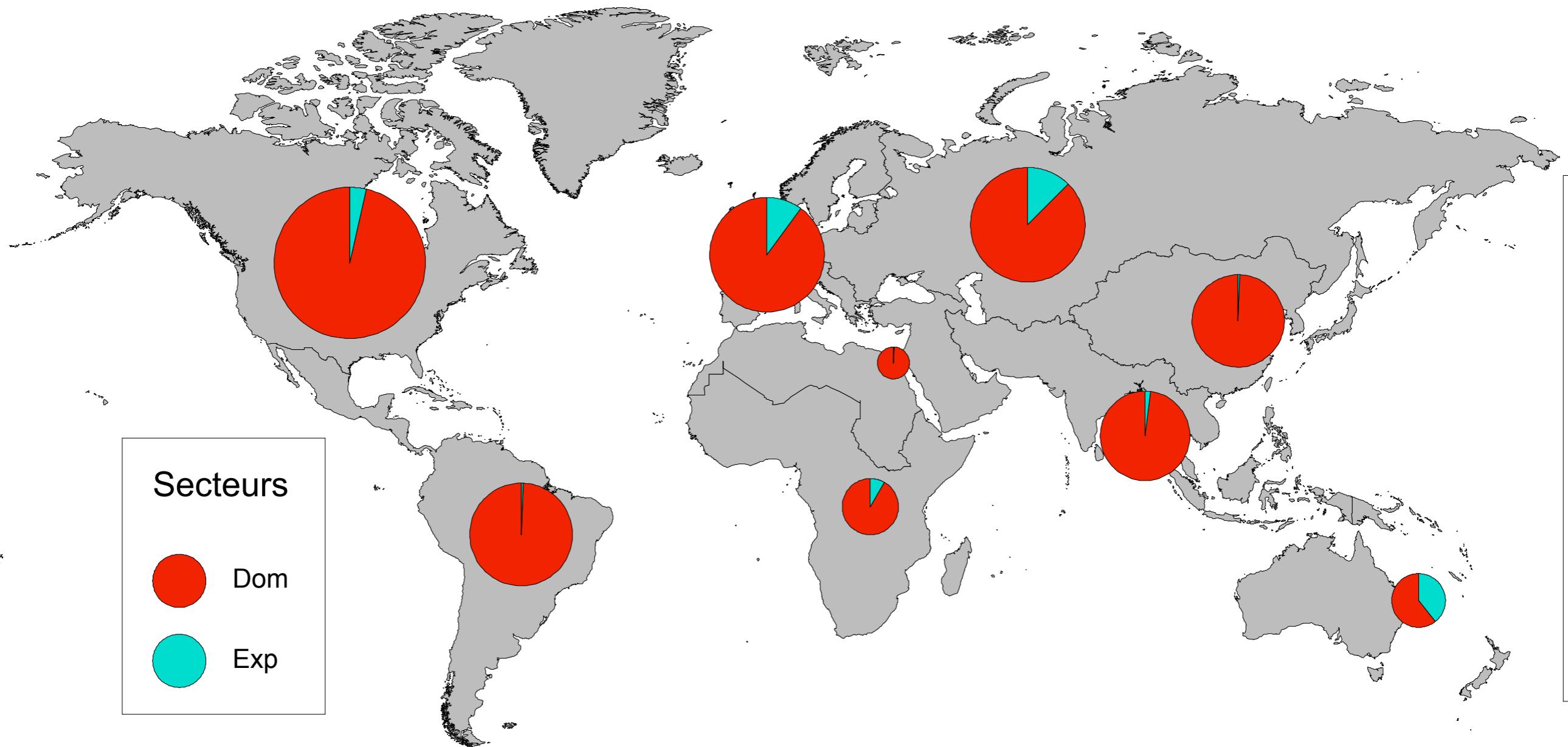
Demography predictions are very reliable

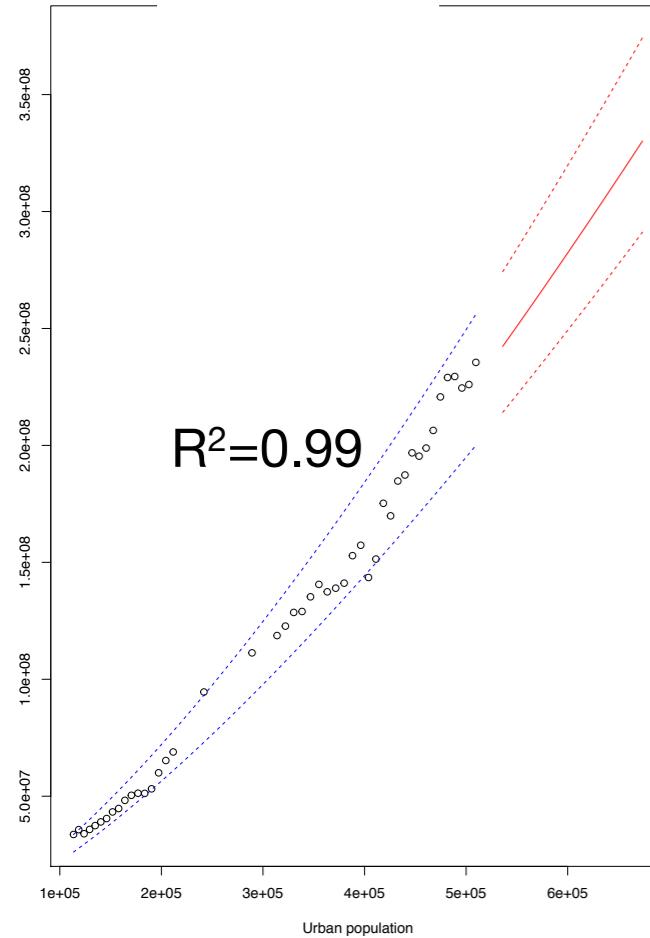
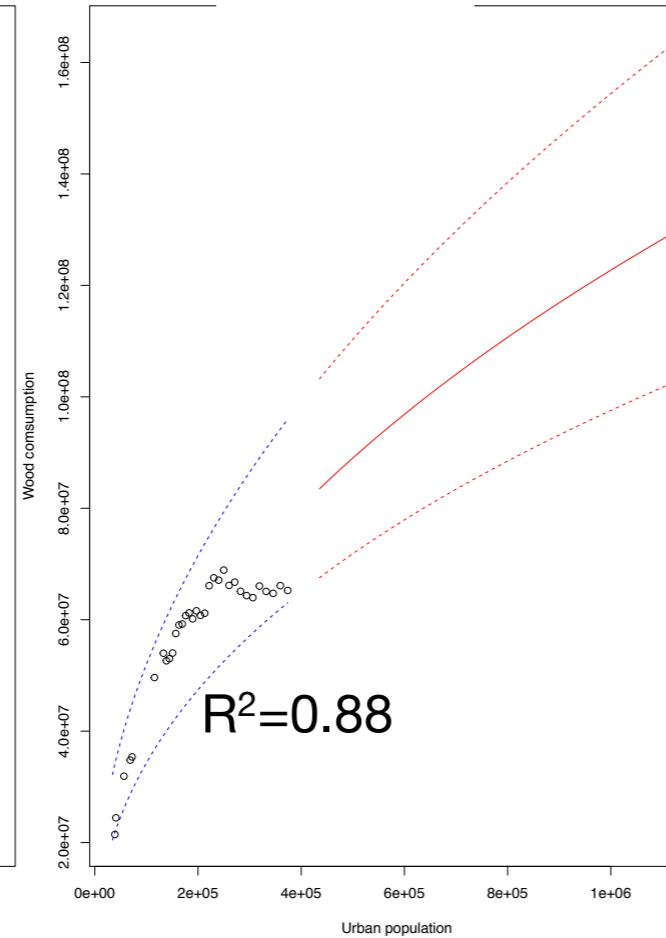
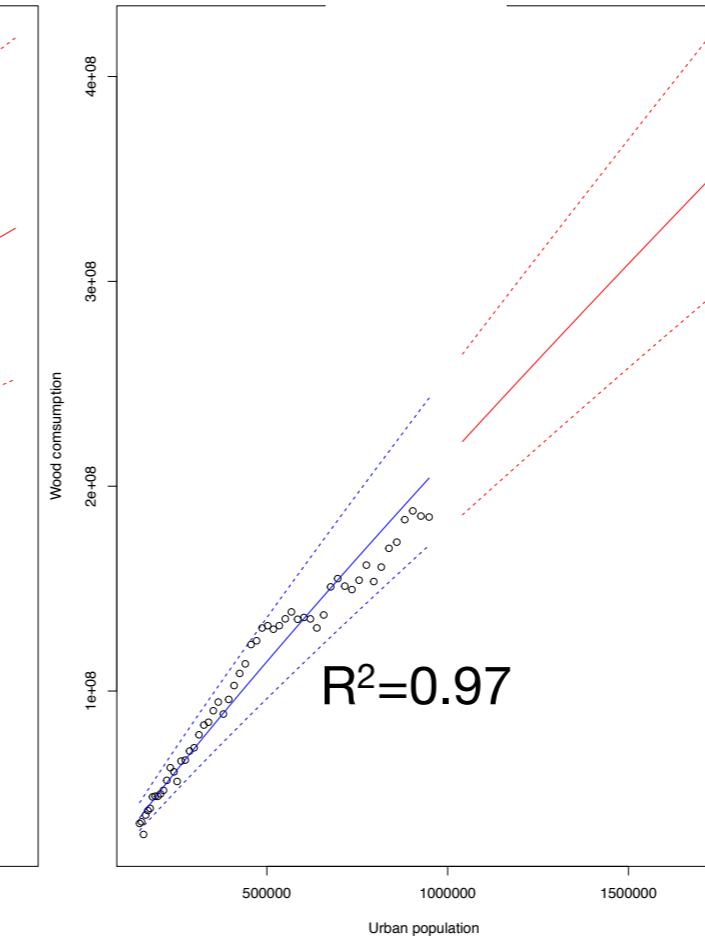
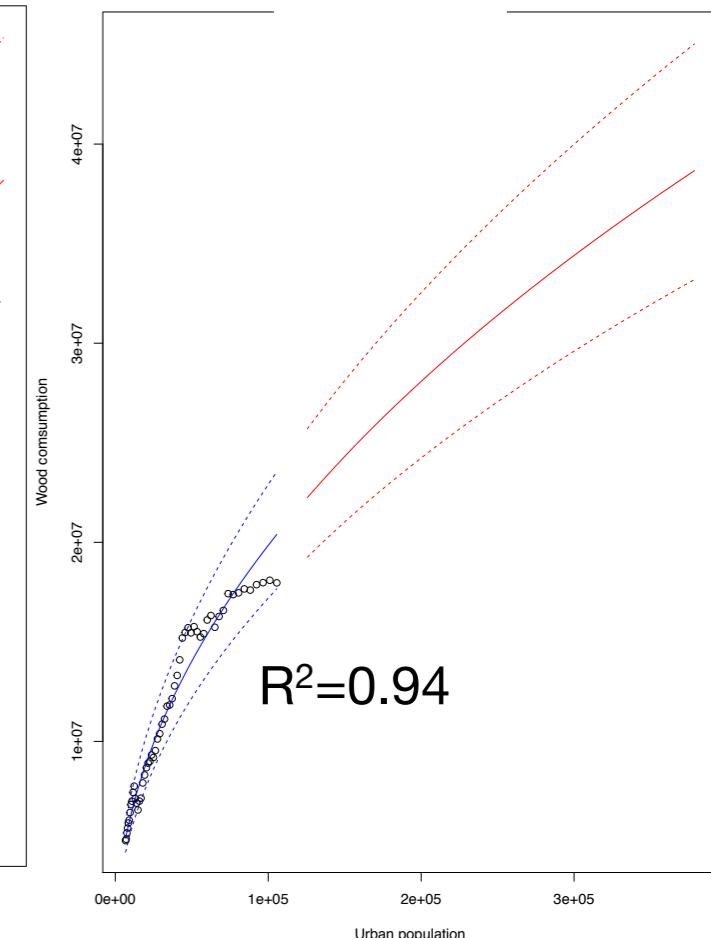
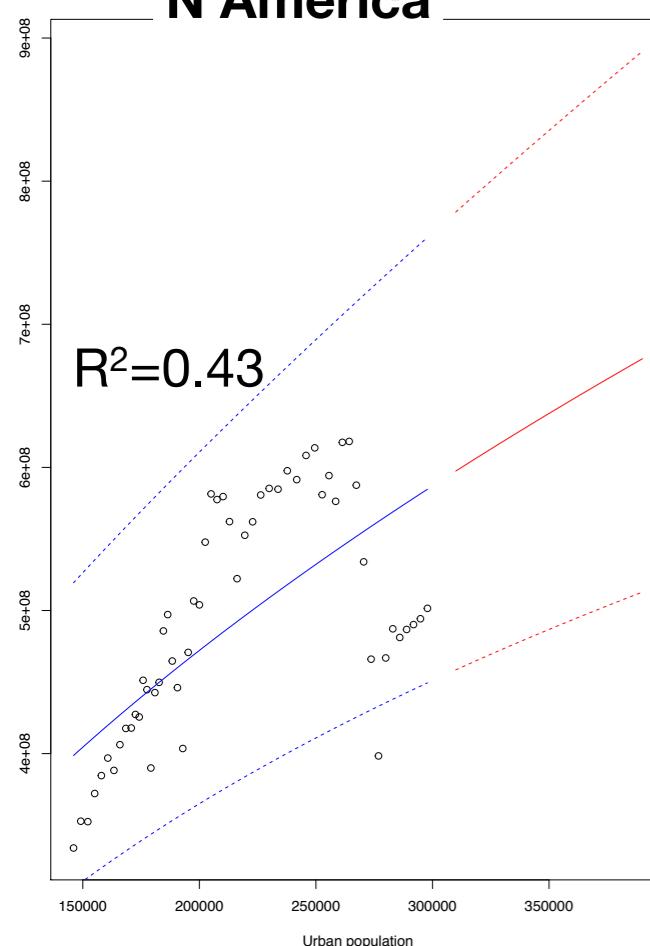
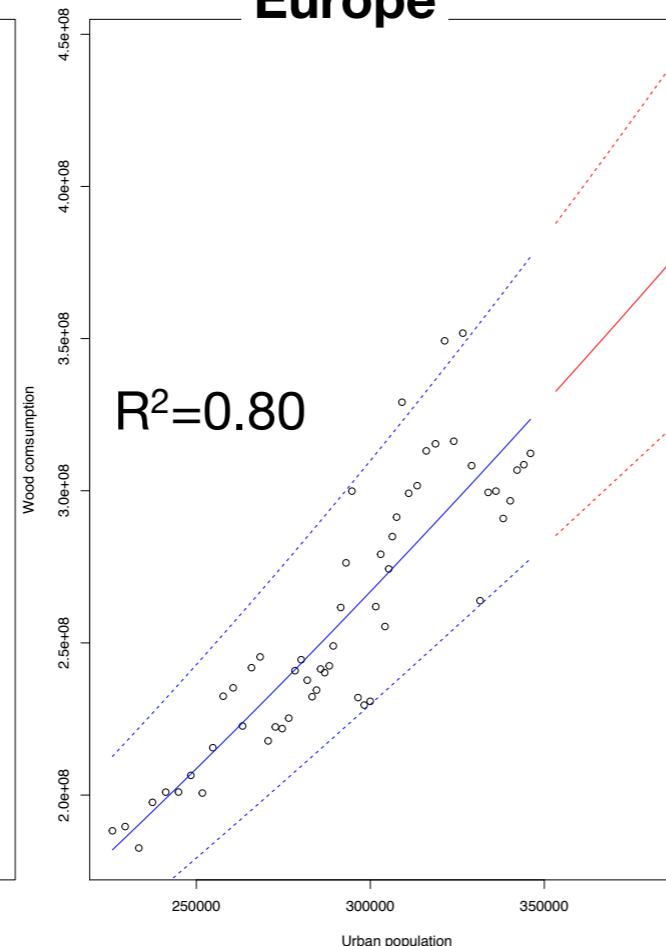
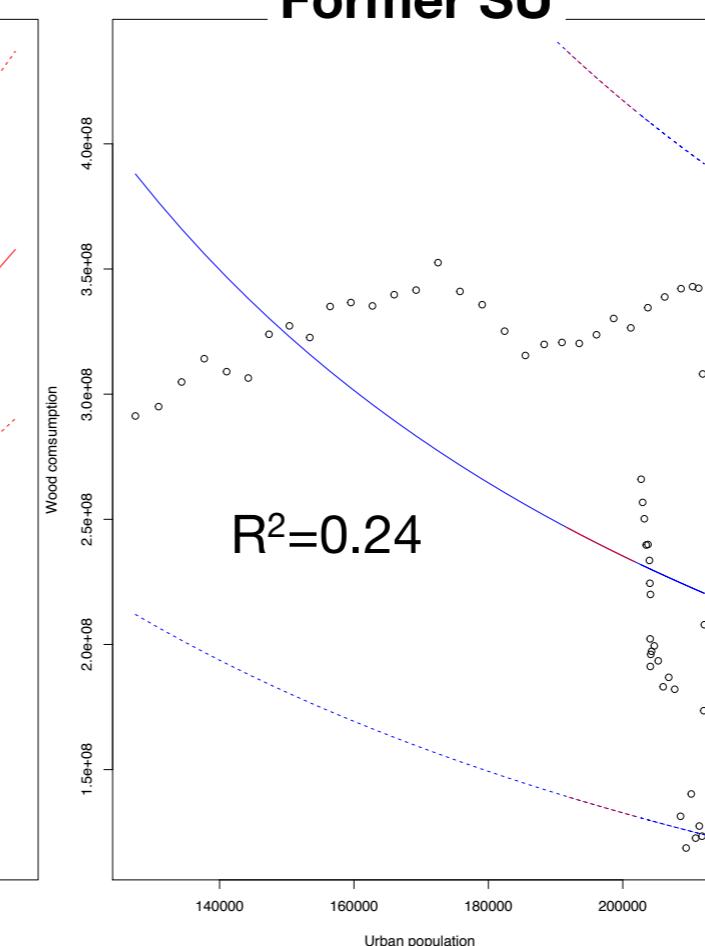
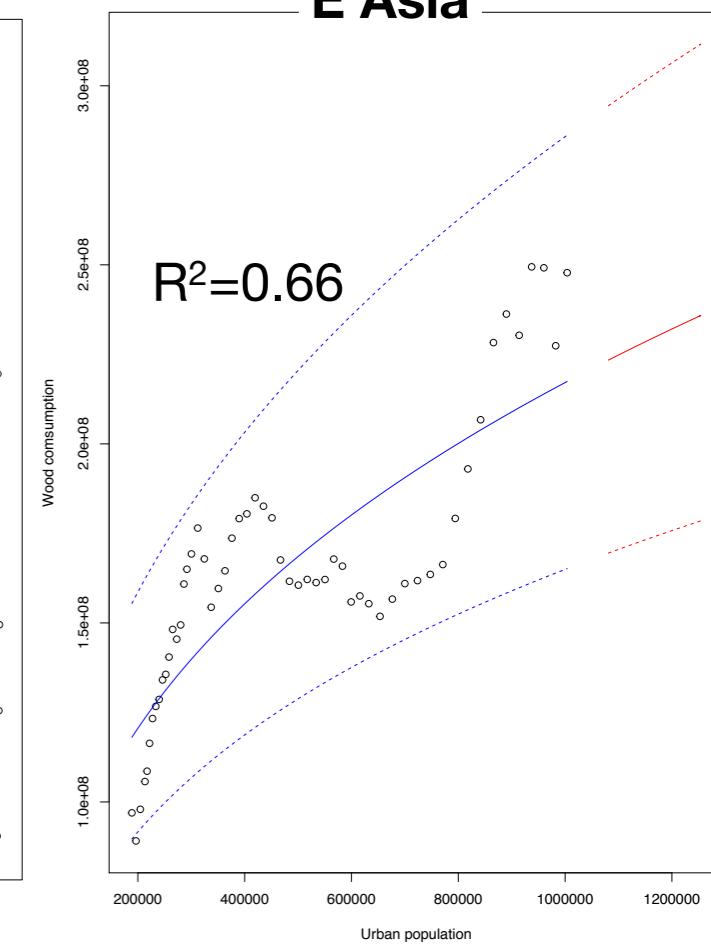


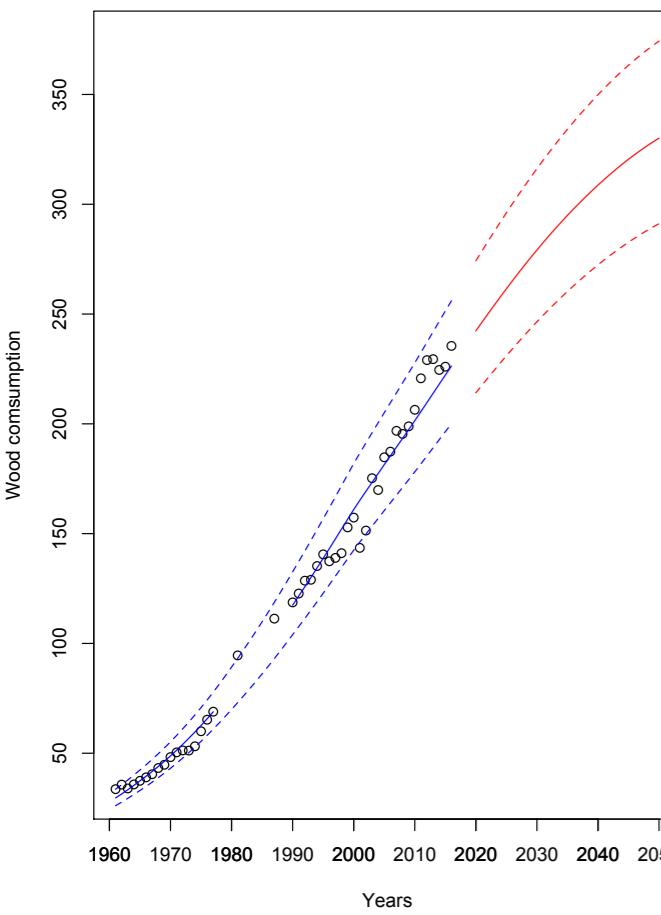
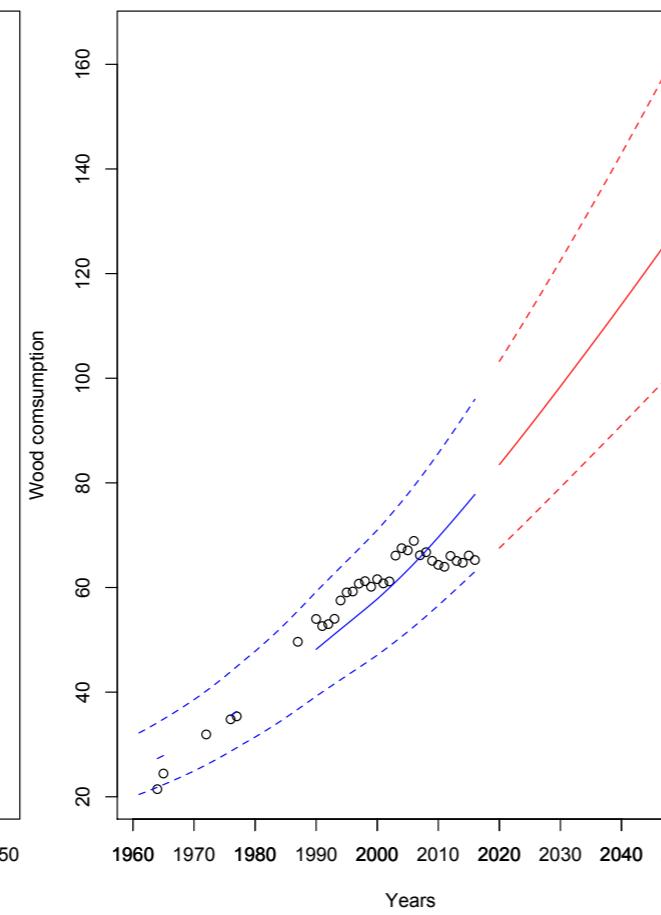
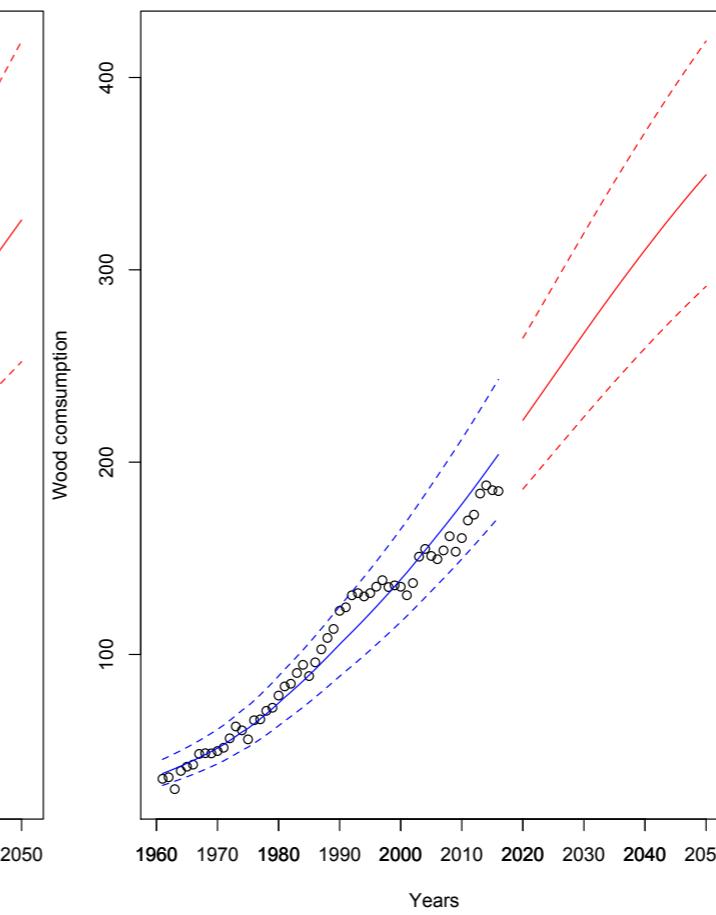
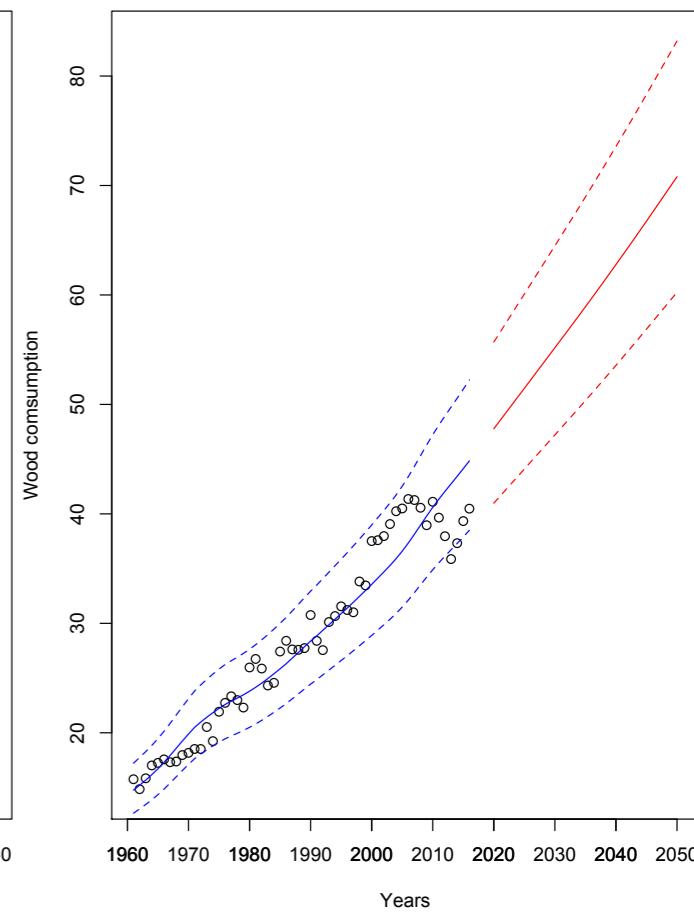
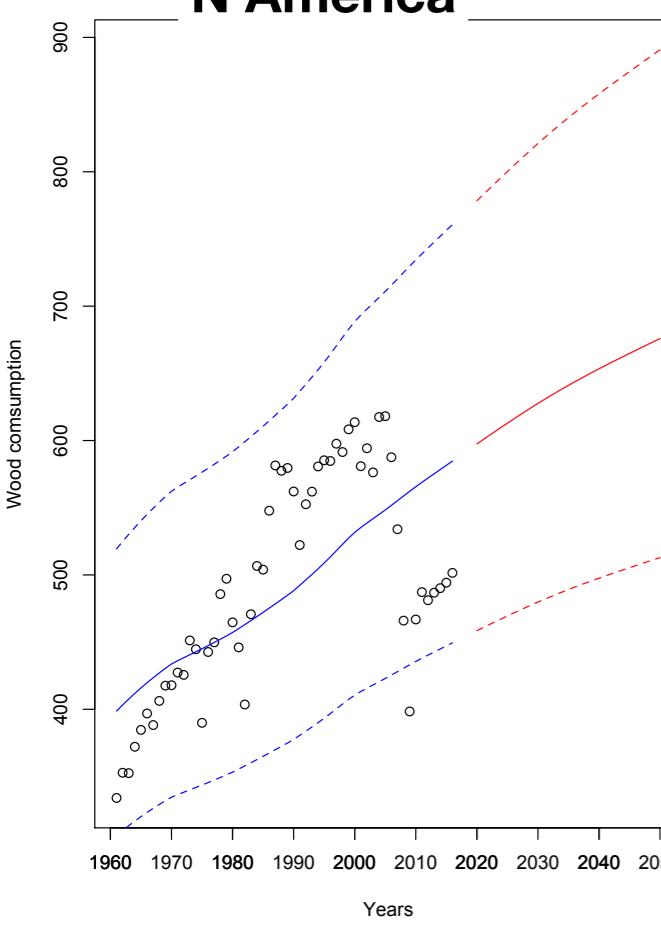
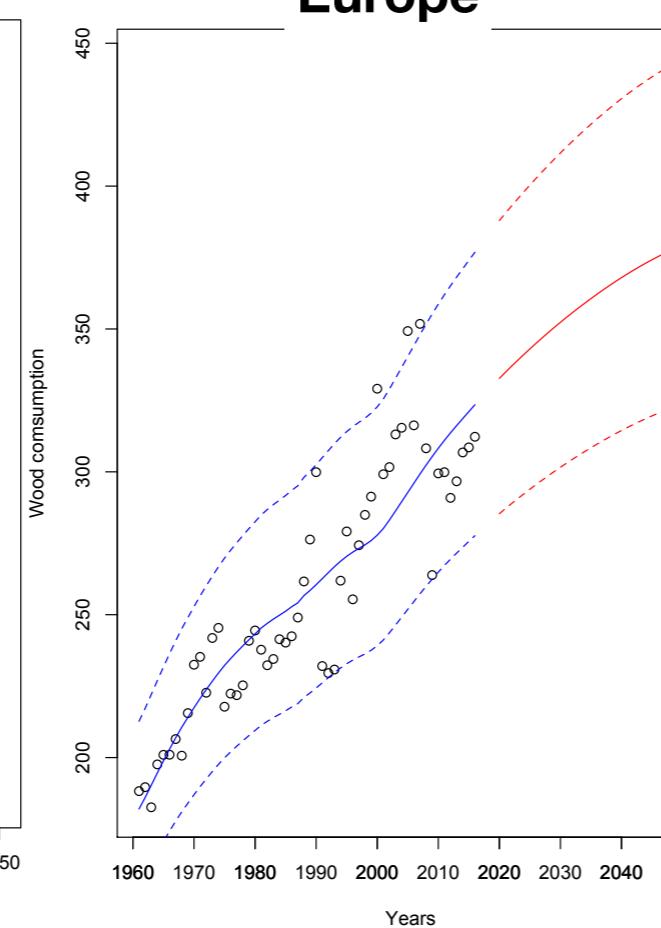
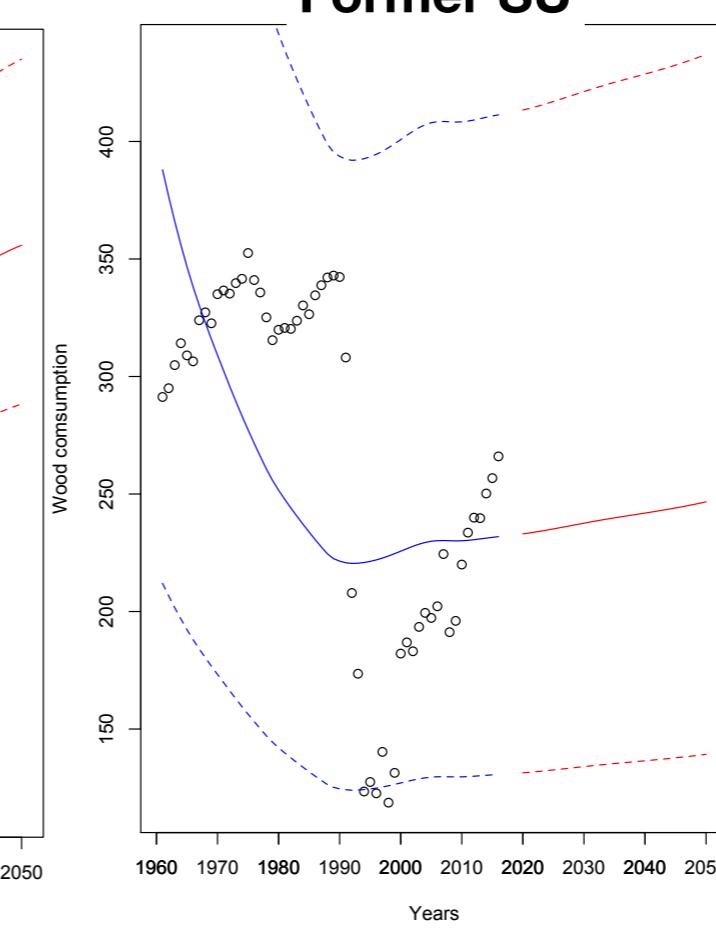
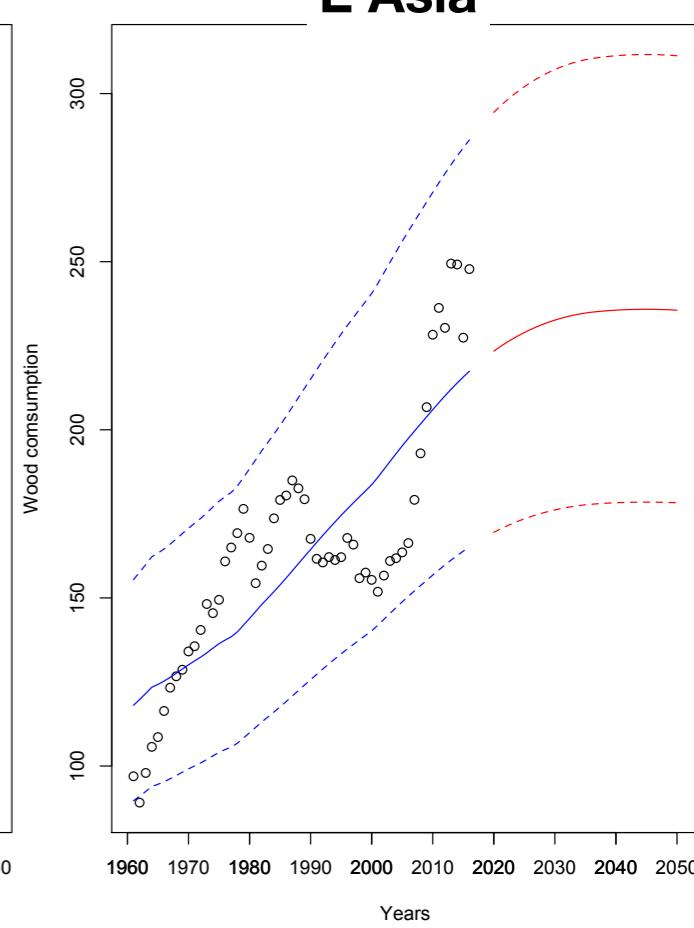
Phenomenological model

International wood trade is small compared to domestic demand :

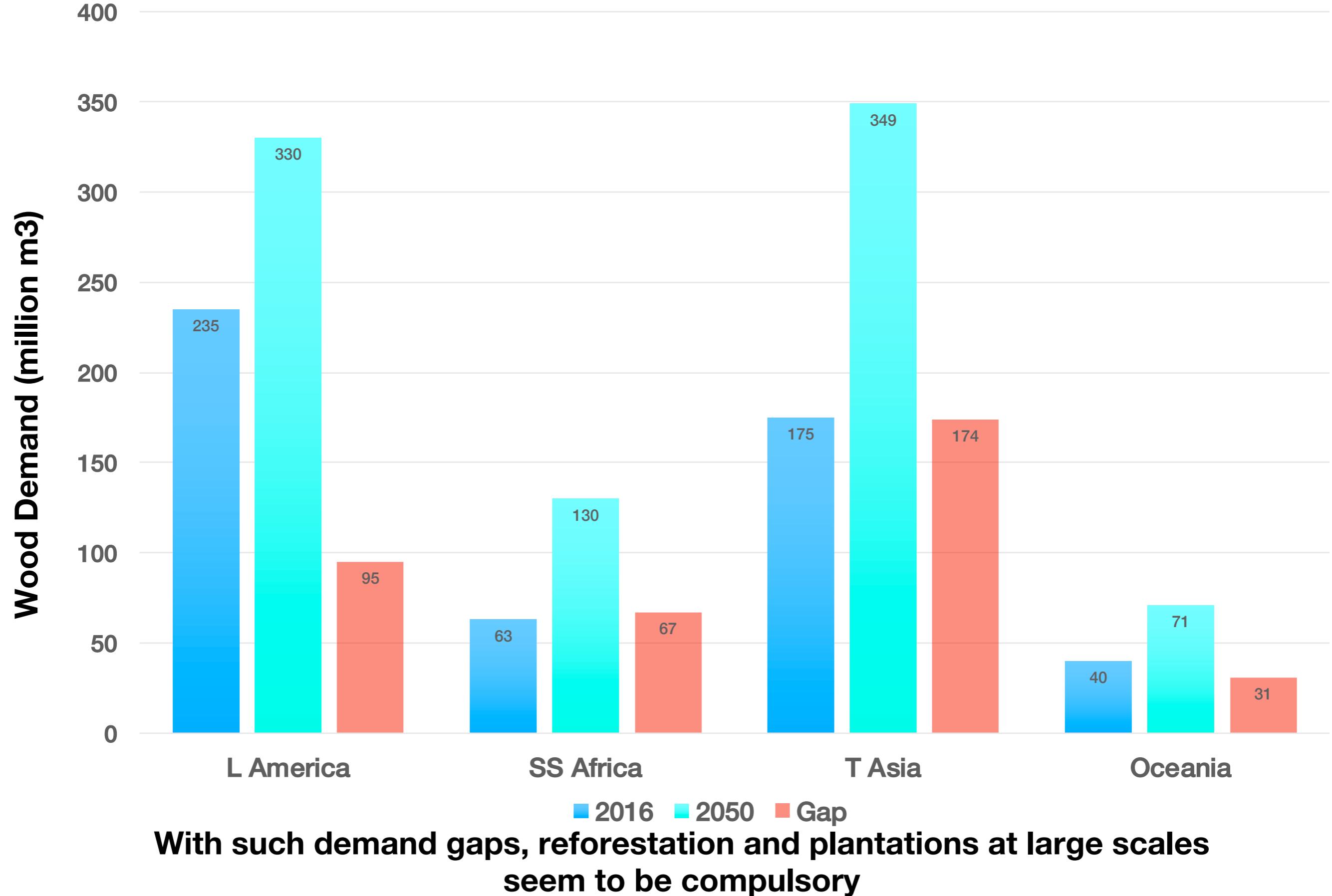
$$\ln(\text{Demand})_t = \beta_0 + E \cdot \ln(\text{Demography})_t + \varepsilon_t$$



L America**SS Africa****T Asia****Oceania****N America****Europe****Former SU****E Asia**

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Phenomenological model



Conclusion

- In the next 30 years, the demand of tropical timber by tropical countries will reach unprecedented levels, on domestic markets that are out of the reach of classical market tools suchas certification, REDD, Lacey act, etc,
- The pressure on tropical forests will be like never before: it will increase...
 - by 40% in Latin America
 - by 100% in tropical Africa and tropical Asia
 - by 77% in Oceania
- If the society want to prevent further degradation of tropical forests, it has become absolutely imperative to design very ambitious plantation programs, and restoration programs.



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